

IN THE CLAIMS

Please AMEND claims so that the claims read as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A method of determining in which of n intervals a sum of two or more numbers resides comprising:

determining the two or more numbers; and

providing fewer than n compress circuits where n is the number of intervals and each compress circuit is adapted to:

input the two or more numbers;

input range information regarding ranges used to define the n intervals; and

compress the two or more numbers and the range information into two or more outputs; and

employing the fewer than n compress circuits to determine in which of the n intervals the sum of the two or more numbers resides,

wherein a result of a floating point computation in a processor is determined based on the determination of which of the n intervals the sum of the two or more numbers resides.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the two or more numbers are related to an exponent of a first floating point number and an exponent of a second floating point number.

3. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein the two or more numbers are related to an exponent of a floating point addend and an exponent of a floating point product.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein:
n is greater than 2; and
providing fewer than n compress circuits comprises
providing 2 compress circuits.
5. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein each compress
circuit comprises adder logic.
6. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein each compress
circuit is adapted to generate a carry vector and a sum vector
based on three inputs.
7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein employing fewer
than n compress circuits to determine in which of the n
intervals the sum resides comprises:
determining a sign check bit for each interval; and
determining in which interval the sum resides based on the
sign check bit for one or more of the intervals.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein employing fewer
than n compress circuits to determine in which of the n
intervals the sum resides comprises:
generating carry and sum bits based on the two or more
numbers and range information;
selectively providing the carry and sum bits to a plurality
of sign check circuits;
determining a sign check bit for each interval based on the
selectively provided bits; and
determining in which interval the sum resides based on the
sign check bit for one or more of the intervals.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein selectively providing the carry and sum bits to a plurality of sign check circuits comprises:

if a bit *j* of a range value has a first logic value, providing a corresponding bit of a first carry and a corresponding bit of a first sum of a first of the compress circuits to a first of the sign check circuits that corresponds to the range value; and

if the bit *j* of the range value has a second logic value, providing a corresponding bit of a second carry and a corresponding bit of a second sum of a second of the compress circuits to the first sign check circuit.

10. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein determining a sign check bit for each interval comprises sharing a sign check circuit between two or more of the intervals.

11. (Currently amended) An apparatus for use in determining in which of *n* intervals a sum of two or more numbers resides comprising:

fewer than *n* compress circuits where *n* is the number of intervals and each compress circuit is adapted to :

input the two or more numbers;

input range information regarding ranges used to define the *n* intervals; and

compress the two or more numbers and the range information into two or more outputs; and

a plurality of sign check circuits coupled to the compress circuits, the sign check circuits adapted to generate a sign check bit that corresponds to each of the *n* intervals based on the two or more outputs generated by the compress circuits,

wherein a result of a floating point computation in a processor may be determined based on the sign check bits.

12. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11 wherein the two or more numbers are related to an exponent of a first floating point number and an exponent of a second floating point number.

13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11 wherein the two or more numbers comprise an exponent of a floating point addend and an exponent of a floating point product.

14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11 wherein:
n is greater than 2; and
the fewer than n compress circuits comprise 2 compress circuits.

15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein each compress circuit comprises adder logic.

16. (Original) The apparatus of claim 15 wherein each compress circuit is adapted to generate a carry vector and a sum vector based on three inputs.

17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11 wherein the two or more outputs of each compress circuit comprise a sum vector and a carry vector each having a plurality of bits.

18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 17 further comprising a plurality of signal paths adapted to selectively route the bits of the carry and sum vectors of each compress circuit to the plurality of sign check circuits.

19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 18 wherein the sign check circuits are adapted to determine a sign check bit for each interval based on the selectively routed sum and carry bits.

20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 18 wherein the plurality of signal paths are configured so as to:

if a bit j of a range value has a first logic value, route a corresponding bit of a first carry and a corresponding bit of a first sum of a first of the compress circuits to a first of the sign check circuits that corresponds to the range value; and

if the bit j of the range value has a second logic value, route a corresponding bit of a second carry and a corresponding bit of a second sum of a second of the compress circuits to the first sign check circuit.

21. (Currently amended) A method of determining in which of n intervals a sum of two or more numbers resides comprising:

determining the two or more numbers; and

providing fewer than n compress circuits where n is the number of intervals and each compress circuit is adapted to:

input the two or more numbers;

input range information regarding ranges used to define the n intervals; and

compress the two or more numbers and the range information into two or more outputs; and

employing the fewer than n compress circuits to determine in which of the n intervals the sum of the two or more numbers resides by:

generating carry and sum bits based on the two or more numbers and range information;

selectively providing the carry and sum bits to a plurality of sign check circuits;

determining a sign check bit for each interval based on the selectively provided bits; and

determining in which interval the sum resides based on the sign check bit for one or more of the intervals,

wherein a result of a floating point computation in a processor is determined based on the determination of in which interval the sum resides.

22. (Currently amended) An apparatus for use in determining in which of n intervals a sum of two or more numbers resides comprising:

fewer than n compress circuits where n is the number of intervals and each compress circuit is adapted to:

input the two or more numbers;

input range information regarding ranges used to define the n intervals; and

compress the two or more numbers and the range information into a carry vector and a sum vector;

a plurality of sign check circuits coupled to the compress circuits, the sign check circuits adapted to generate a sign check bit that corresponds to each of the n intervals based on the carry and sum vectors generated by the compress circuits; and

a plurality of signal paths adapted to selectively route bits of the carry and sum vectors of each compress circuit to the plurality of sign check circuits,

wherein a result of a floating point computation in a processor may be determined based on the sign check bits.

23. (Original) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein the range information comprises a plurality logic 0 bits.

24. (Original) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein the range information comprises a plurality of logic 1 bits.